

**Reprint
as at 7 August 2020**



**New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga
Act 2019**

Public Act 2019 No 51
Date of assent 25 September 2019
Commencement see section 2

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Note

Changes authorised by subpart 2 of Part 2 of the Legislation Act 2012 have been made in this official reprint.
Note 4 at the end of this reprint provides a list of the amendments incorporated.

This Act is administered by the Treasury.

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The Parliament of New Zealand enacts as follows:

1 Title

This Act is the New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga Act 2019.

2 Commencement

This Act comes into force on the day after the date on which it receives the Royal assent.

Part 1 Preliminary provisions

3 Interpretation

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,—

Commission means the New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga, established under section 6

community expectations—

- (a) means the expectations of the communities that use, or will use, the infrastructure or the services that result from the infrastructure; and
- (b) includes expectations in relation to—
 - (i) benefits and other outcomes that result from the infrastructure or services; and
 - (ii) how the services are delivered; and
 - (iii) the quality of the services; and
 - (iv) how the infrastructure is built and maintained

election period means the period—

- (a) beginning with writ day for a general election; and
- (b) ending with the day that is 2 months after the day of commencement of the next session of Parliament

infrastructure means physical infrastructure that is in New Zealand or that results in services in New Zealand

infrastructure project includes—

- (a) the creation of new infrastructure; and
- (b) the maintenance, upgrading, replacement, decommissioning, or removal of existing infrastructure

Minister or **responsible Minister** means the Minister who, under the authority of any warrant or with the authority of the Prime Minister, is the person for the time being responsible for the administration of this Act

support services are services that support the delivery of an infrastructure project (or a proposed project), and include—

- (a) providing advice in relation to a proposed project; and
- (b) providing services or staff to assist with the delivery of a project

writ day has the meaning given to it by section 3(1) of the Electoral Act 1993.

4 Transitional, savings, and related provisions

The transitional, savings, and related provisions set out in Schedule 1 have effect according to their terms.

5 Act binds the Crown

This Act binds the Crown.

Part 2**New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga****Subpart 1—Establishment of Commission****6 New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga established**

The New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga is established.

7 Commission is Crown entity

- (1) The Commission is a Crown entity for the purposes of the Crown Entities Act 2004.
- (2) The Crown Entities Act 2004 applies to the Commission except to the extent that this Act expressly provides otherwise.

8 Members of Commission

- (1) The Commission must have no fewer than 3, and not more than 7, members.
- (2) The members of the Commission are a board for the purposes of the Crown Entities Act 2004.

Subpart 2—Functions of Commission**9 Main function of Commission**

The main function of the Commission is to co-ordinate, develop, and promote an approach to infrastructure that encourages infrastructure, and services that result from the infrastructure, that improve the well-being of New Zealanders.

10 Additional functions of Commission

The Commission has the following additional functions:

Strategy and planning functions

- (a) to develop broad public agreement on the approach under section 9 and the strategy reports provided under subpart 3:
- (b) to provide advice in relation to infrastructure, including (without limitation) advice in relation to—
 - (i) the ability of existing infrastructure to meet community expectations; and
 - (ii) current and future infrastructure needs; and
 - (iii) the priorities for infrastructure; and

- (iv) matters that prevent, limit, or promote the efficient and effective delivery of infrastructure, and services that result from the infrastructure:
- (c) to provide reports in accordance with subparts 3 and 4:
Support functions
- (d) to promote a strategic and co-ordinated approach to the delivery of current and proposed infrastructure projects:
- (e) to provide and co-ordinate information about current and proposed infrastructure projects:
- (f) to provide support services to current and proposed infrastructure projects.

11 Infrastructure needs and priorities for infrastructure

When identifying or advising on current and future infrastructure needs, or the priorities for infrastructure, the Commission—

- (a) must provide advice with the objective of achieving infrastructure, and services that result from the infrastructure, that improve the well-being of New Zealanders; and
- (b) must have regard to long-term trends that impact on, or are impacted by, infrastructure, including (but not limited to)—
 - (i) changes to demographics; and
 - (ii) the emergence and availability of new technology; and
 - (iii) matters relating to the mitigation of the effects of climate change (including through reducing emissions of greenhouse gases) and adapting to the effects of climate change; and
- (c) may have regard to any other matters the Commission considers relevant.

Subpart 3—Strategy reports

12 Strategy reports required

The Commission must provide strategy reports to the responsible Minister in accordance with this subpart.

13 Content of strategy report

- (1) A strategy report must—
 - (a) include a statement as to the ability of existing infrastructure to meet community expectations for the next 30 years; and
 - (b) identify the priorities for infrastructure for the next 30 years.

- (2) A strategy report may include any other matters the Commission considers relevant.

14 Commission must provide draft to Minister

- (1) Before finalising a strategy report, the Commission must provide a draft to the responsible Minister.
- (2) A draft of the first strategy report prepared under this Act must be provided not later than the day that is 2 years after the day on which this Act comes into force.
- (3) Thereafter, a draft must be provided not later than the day that is 4 years and 6 months after the day on which the last strategy report was provided to the Minister under section 16.

15 Commission must have regard to Minister's comments on draft

- (1) The Minister may provide comments on the draft to the Commission.
- (2) Any comments must be provided—
- (a) in writing; and
 - (b) not later than the day that is 90 days after the day on which the Minister receives the draft.
- (3) The Commission must have regard to the Minister's comments (if any) when finalising the strategy report.

16 Commission must finalise and provide report to Minister

- (1) The Commission must finalise the strategy report and provide it to the responsible Minister.
- (2) The report must be provided not later than the day that is 90 days after—
- (a) the day of receipt of any Minister's comments under section 15; or
 - (b) if no comments are received within the period set out in section 15(2)(b), the last day of the period under section 15(2)(b).

17 Report must be presented to House and published

- (1) The responsible Minister must present a copy of the strategy report to the House of Representatives as soon as practicable after receiving the report.
- (2) The Commission must publish the report on an Internet site maintained by or on behalf of the Commission as soon as practicable after the report is presented to the House.

18 Statement of Government's response must be presented to House

The responsible Minister must present a statement of the Government's response to the strategy report to the House of Representatives not later than the day that is 180 days after the day on which the report is provided to the Minister.

19 Election period disregarded for purposes of calculating deadlines

Any days that fall within an election period must be disregarded for the purposes of calculating the periods under sections 15(2)(b) and 18.

Subpart 4—Directions to provide report

20 Minister may give direction to provide report

- (1) The responsible Minister may direct the Commission to provide a report to the Minister on any matter relating to infrastructure.
- (2) The terms of the direction may specify 1 or more of the following:
 - (a) the scope of the matter to be reported on;
 - (b) requirements relating to consultation with the Minister or any other person;
 - (c) the date by which the Commission must provide its report.

21 Process for giving direction to provide report

- (1) A direction under section 20 is a direction for the purposes of section 114 of the Crown Entities Act 2004, and—
 - (a) the Commission must give effect to the direction in accordance with section 114 of that Act; and
 - (b) sections 114 and 115 of that Act (but not section 115A) apply to the direction.
- (2) In deciding whether to give the direction, and in specifying the terms of that direction, the Minister must have regard to the impact that the direction will or is likely to have on the Commission's ability to manage its functions and operations, having regard to the Commission's available resources.

22 Commission must publish report

The Commission must publish every report that is provided to the Minister under this subpart on an Internet site maintained by or on behalf of the Commission as soon as practicable after providing the report to the Minister.

Subpart 5—Power to obtain information

23 Power of Commission to obtain information

- (1) The Commission may request an entity specified in subsection (6) to supply to the Commission any information that is necessary or desirable to enable the Commission to perform its functions.
- (2) A request—
 - (a) must be in writing; and

- (b) may state the date by which, and the manner in which, the information requested must be provided.
- (3) If a date is specified under subsection (2)(b), that date must be reasonable.
- (4) An entity to which the request is made must comply with the request, subject to sections 24 and 25 (which set out reasons for refusing a request for information).
- (5) However, the information cannot be withheld other than for the reasons in sections 24 and 25, and cannot be withheld at all if it could not properly be withheld under the Official Information Act 1982 or the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987, as the case may be.
- (6) A request may be made to 1 or more of the following entities:
- (a) a department as defined in section 5 of the Public Service Act 2020, other than—
 - (i) the Government Communications Security Bureau; and
 - (ii) the New Zealand Security Intelligence Service;
 - (b) a departmental agency as defined in section 5 of the Public Service Act 2020;
 - (c) a statutory entity named in Schedule 1 of the Crown Entities Act 2004;
 - (d) the New Zealand Defence Force;
 - (e) a local authority, as defined in section 5(1) of the Local Government Act 2002;
 - (f) a council-controlled organisation, as defined in section 6 of the Local Government Act 2002 (but disregarding subsection (4) of that section);
 - (g) Auckland Transport, as defined in section 4(1) of the Local Government (Auckland Council) Act 2009.
- (7) In subsection (1), **information** does not include—
- (a) personal information as defined in section 2(1) of the Privacy Act 1993; or
 - (b) information held by the Government Statistician that was collected under the Statistics Act 1975; or
 - (c) information that a revenue officer must keep confidential under section 18(1) of the Tax Administration Act 1994.

Compare: 1989 No 44 s 19

Section 23(6)(a): amended, on 7 August 2020, by section 135 of the Public Service Act 2020 (2020 No 40).

Section 23(6)(b): amended, on 7 August 2020, by section 135 of the Public Service Act 2020 (2020 No 40).

24 Reasons for refusing to supply requested information

A request for information may be refused if—

- (a) withholding the information is necessary to protect the privacy of a person (whether or not the person is a natural person or a deceased person); or
- (b) withholding the information is necessary to maintain legal professional privilege; or
- (c) the supply of the information would limit the ability of the entity, or of any of its employees, members, or office holders, to act judicially, or to carry out the statutorily independent functions of the entity, in relation to a particular matter; or
- (d) the supply of the information would be likely to result in the outcomes described in section 6(a) or (b) of the Official Information Act 1982.

Compare: 2004 No 115 s 134

25 Additional reasons for refusal by local government entities

- (1) In addition to the reasons set out in section 24, an entity specified in section 23(6)(e), (f), or (g) may refuse a request for information if—
 - (a) the withholding of the information is necessary to protect information where the making available of the information—
 - (i) would disclose a trade secret; or
 - (ii) would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the entity, or the person who supplied the information, or the person who is the subject of the information; or
 - (b) the information requested cannot be made available without substantial research.
- (2) If a request is likely to be refused under subsection (1)(b), the entity must, before that request is refused, consider whether consulting with the Commission would assist the Commission to make the request in a form that would remove the reason for the refusal.

Compare: 1987 No 174 ss 7, 17, 17B

26 Publication or disclosure of information to other persons

The Commission must not publish or disclose any information obtained under section 23 unless 1 or more of the following applies:

- (a) the information is available to the public under any enactment or is otherwise publicly available;
- (b) the information is in a statistical or summary form;
- (c) the publication or disclosure is with the consent of the person to whom the information relates or of the person to whom the information is confidential;
- (d) the publication or disclosure is required by law.

Compare: 2011 No 5 s 59(3)

Subpart 6—Amendments to other enactments

27 Amendments to other enactments

Amend the enactments specified in Schedule 2 as set out in that schedule.

Schedule 1 Transitional, savings, and related provisions

s 4

Part 1 Provisions relating to this Act as enacted

1 Offer of position to Treasury employees

- (1) The chief executive of the Treasury must identify the employees of the Treasury—
 - (a) whose duties are, overall, more closely connected with the functions of the Commission; and
 - (b) whose positions will, as a result of the establishment of the Commission, cease to exist within the Treasury.
- (2) An employee who is identified under subclause (1) must be offered an alternative position by the Commission.
- (3) In this clause, **alternative position** means a position with the Commission that satisfies the requirements set out in section 88(1)(b) of the Public Service Act 2020.

Compare: 2012 No 94 s 17

Schedule 1 clause 1(3): amended, on 7 August 2020, by section 135 of the Public Service Act 2020 (2020 No 40).

2 Employment of transferred employee to be treated as continuous employment

- (1) This clause applies to an employee who is transferred to the Commission as a result of the employee accepting an offer made under clause 1(2).
- (2) The employment of a transferred employee is to be treated as continuous employment for the purposes of any enactment.

Compare: 2013 No 94 s 12

3 Government Superannuation Fund

- (1) Any person who, immediately before becoming an employee of the Commission, was a contributor to the Government Superannuation Fund under Part 2 or 2A of the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956 is deemed, for the purpose of that Act, to be employed in the Government service as long as the person continues to be an employee of the Commission.
- (2) The Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956 applies to the person in all respects as if the person's service as an employee of the Commission were Government service.

- (3) Subclause (1) does not entitle a person to become a contributor to the Government Superannuation Fund if the person has ceased to be a contributor.
- (4) For the purpose of applying the Government Superannuation Fund Act 1956, the Commission is the controlling authority.

Compare: 2013 No 94 s 14

4 Transfer of contracts to Commission

- (1) This clause applies to a contract (other than an employment contract) that—
 - (a) was made between the Treasury and another person; and
 - (b) is identified by the chief executive of the Treasury; and
 - (c) was entered into by the Treasury in contemplation of this Act.
- (2) On and after the commencement of this Act,—
 - (a) the contract must be treated as if the Commission were the party to the contract instead of the Treasury; and
 - (b) unless the context otherwise requires, every reference in the contract to the Treasury is to be read as a reference to the Commission.
- (3) In this clause, **the Treasury** includes—
 - (a) the chief executive of the Treasury; and
 - (b) the Sovereign in right of New Zealand acting by and through the Secretary to the Treasury.

Compare: 2013 No 94 s 15

Schedule 2
Amendments to other enactments

s 27

Crown Entities Act 2004 (2004 No 115)

In Schedule 1, Part 2, insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:

New Zealand Infrastructure
Commission/Te Waihanga

Ombudsmen Act 1975 (1975 No 9)

In Schedule 1, Part 2, insert in its appropriate alphabetical order:

New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga

Reprints notes

1 *General*

This is a reprint of the New Zealand Infrastructure Commission/Te Waihanga Act 2019 that incorporates all the amendments to that Act as at the date of the last amendment to it.

2 *Legal status*

Reprints are presumed to correctly state, as at the date of the reprint, the law enacted by the principal enactment and by any amendments to that enactment. Section 18 of the Legislation Act 2012 provides that this reprint, published in electronic form, has the status of an official version under section 17 of that Act. A printed version of the reprint produced directly from this official electronic version also has official status.

3 *Editorial and format changes*

Editorial and format changes to reprints are made using the powers under sections 24 to 26 of the Legislation Act 2012. See also <http://www.pco.parliament.govt.nz/editorial-conventions/>.

4 *Amendments incorporated in this reprint*

Public Service Act 2020 (2020 No 40): section 135